SIXTEEN PAGES

TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 15, 1916.

SIXTEEN PAGES

ON TRAINS AND TWO CENTS FIVE DOLLARS

AN ADVANCE GUARD IS REPORTED NEAR TRIEST

AUSTRIAN FLEET SAID TO HAVE LEFT HARBOR FOR UNKNOWN DESTINATION, PERHAPS POLA

ENTENTE ALLES

Gains for the Italians, Russians, British and French Reported From the Various Capitals.

AUSTRIANS SAID TO BE EVACU-ATING CITY OF TOLMINO.

CZAR'S FORCES PUSH AHEAD

CROSS WESTERN BANK OF ZLOTA LIPA RIVER AT POINTS.

BRITISH TAKE LOST GROUND

REGAIN TRENCHES LOST TO GER-MANS NEAR POZIERES.

French Resume Hammering Tactics in Verdun Region and Take Enemy Positions in Vaux-Fleury Sector, It is Announced-Italians Push Ahead on Carso Plateau-Emperor William of Germany Is Again on the Eastern Front-Austrain Fleet said to Have Left Triest.

President.

Last week congressional callers at the White House gained the distinct impression that Mr. Wilson would make a trip to the Pacific coast. So far the President's only speaking engagements are Hodgensville, Ky., September 4, and St. Louis, September 20. He probably will speak before a suffrage meeting at Atlantic City September 8 and in Boston Otober 12.

President.

The suspension of the orders prevents the immediate movement of the troops from Kentucky. Ohio and Vermont and the mogement of all other mobilized units which were to have gone forward as soon as they were equipped. Some of the Kentucky. Ohio and Vermont troops were about ready to go to the border.

It is clear that the suspension is the immediate movement of the troops from Kentucky. Ohio and Vermont and the immediate movement of the troops from Kentucky. Ohio and Vermont the mogement of all other mobilized units which were to have gone forward as soon as they were equipped. Some of the Kentucky. Ohio and Vermont troops were about ready to go to the border.

It is clear that the suspension of the orders prevents the immediate movement of the troops from Kentucky. Ohio and Vermont troops which were to have gone forward as soon as they were equipped. Some of the Kentucky. Ohio and Vermont troops were about ready to go to the border.

It is clear that the suspension of the orders prevents the immediate movement of the immediate movement and the immediate movement of the immediate movement and the immediate movement of the immediat -Austro-German troops under Genborow-Koninchy sector, according to CHINESE TROOPS KIL

LONDON, August 15.—Gains for the Italians, Russians, British and French were reported today in war statements from the capitals of the entente allies.

The Italians are making rapid strides in their drive on Austrian territory, both north and south of Gorizia, it is indicated. In the former direction they have reached the suburbs of Tolmino, eighteen miles partheast of Gorizia according to miles northeast of Gorizia, according to unofficial messages which report the city on fire and in process of evacuation by the Austrians, its fall being momentaril;

e southeast, special dispatches the Italian advance guard has on the Adriatic, fifty-five miles southeast of Triest. This would naturally be the refuge of any part of the fleet which might be at Triest when the safety of that city was believed to be menaced.

Tolmino, a place of only some 2,000 inhabitants before the war, has been of chief importance during the period of Of Chief Importance. The Austrian naval base of Pola lies

hostilities because of the strong bridge-head position established there by the Austrians in their system for the defense of the Isonzo region north of Gorizia. This bridgehead, regarded generally as next in importance to that of Gorizia. wristently resisted Italian attacks. The been under Italian shell fire, previously has been reported abandoned by the Austrians, but these reports have never been

ront where the Austro-German armies are struggling desperately to withstand the heavy strokes of the Russians in Galicia and Volhynia. In the latter region the opposing forces apparently are at a standstill, but in Galicia the onward sweep of General Brussiloff's forces is continuing with rapidity.

Cross to Western Banks.

The Zlota Lips line to which the Ausrians fell back after the forced evacua-ion of their positions along the Stripa, a apparently not destined to hold for any ength of time. Petrograd reports the tussians crossing to the western banks the Zlota Lipa river at some points, nus menacing the flank of General von r's lines elsewhere along that

ne Fail to Hold Gains mans did not long hold the ches recaptured from the British hwest of Pozleres on the Somme the British war office reports the ing of the Germans from nearly all

Continued on Page Fourteen.

WHO HUNG HANLY'S PICTURE

While they're hanging pictures of Albert J. Beveridge and Theodore Roosevelt in the Republican headquarters in Indianapolis, regardless of the "Spirit of 1912," there has been a little sly hanging going on at the Democratic statehouse. Ed Donnell, Democratic clerk to

the state board of printing and binding, is on a vacation and state officials are wondering how a picture of J. Frank Hanly got on the wall in Donnell's office. Mr. Hanly, former Governor of Indiana, is now the linee for President on the Prohibition national ticket.

Governor Ralston, after carefully examining the picture, said he didn't know a thing about it-but he suspected Donnell had gone "dry." Ben Strickland, Donnell's seatmate at the statehouse, says the whole thing is E Pluribus Unum to him.

Around the Governor's office it seems to be the understanding that Donnell has left the party. And Donnell is miles away from his base of supplies.

PRESIDENT WILSON NOT TO MAKE SPEAKING TOUR

TO ACCEPT INVITATIONS TO VISIT DIFFERENT PLACES.

ATTACK GARRISON BETWEEN MUKDEN AND CHAO YANG FU.

ONE OFFICER REPORTED DEAD

TOKIO, August 15.-Chinese troops have thed a point within thirteen miles of Chia Tun, between Mukden and Chao St. The greater part of the Austrian Yang Fu and have killed or wounded seventeen Japanese soldiers and killed one officer. According to official advices from Cheng Chia Tun, the Japanese bar-

Cheng Chia Tun, where a Japanese garrison is reported besieged by Chinese troops, is near the line of the Harbin-Chang Chun railway, reported sold to Japanese by Russia under the recent Japanese-Russian convention. Cheng Chia Tun also is in the neighborhood of the Sungari river, on which Japanese rights are said to have been recognized

Continued on Page Fourteen.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

UNITED STATES WEATHER BUREAU.

Indianapolis, Ind., August 15, 1916. -Temperature-

7 a. m. -Barometer-

-Local Forecast-Local forecast for Indianapolis and vicinity for the twenty-four hours ending 7 p. m., August 16: Unsettled with ly showers tonight and Wednesday; not shably showers in temperature, and change in temperature.

rocably showers to Hight and Wednesday.

Forecast for Illinois: Showers tonight; Vednesday partly cloudy and somewhat.

-Weather in Other Cities-

The following table shows weather in other cities at 8			of t
Station,	Bar.	Temp.	West
Amarilol, Tex	29.78	68	Clear
Bismarck, N. D	29.78	58	Clear
Boston, Mass			Clear
Chicago, Ill	29.84	70	Rain
incinnati, O	29.90	62	Rain
Denver, Colo	. 29.86	60	Clear
odge City, Kas	29,80		PtCk
Helena, Mont	29.84	46	Clear
acksonville, Fla	29.98	78	Clear
Cansas City, Mo	29.74	72	Cloud
lttle Rock, Ark	29.83	74	Clear
os Angeles, Cal	29.90		Cloud
Mobile, Ala	30.02	80	Clear
New Orleans, La	30.00		Clear
New York, N. Y	29.92	70	Clear
klahoma, Okla		74	PtCl
omaha, Neb.		66	Cloud
Pittsburg, Pa	23,92	62	Cloud
Portland, Ore	29.78		PtCk
Rapid City, S. D	29.54	64	Clear
an Antonio, Tex	20.50	74	PtCle
an Francisco, Cal	- 23,30		Cloud
t. Louis, Mo	40 84	6\$	Rain
st. Paul, Minn	an. 80	60	Cloud
Washington, D. C	44.92	F6.	Clou

Hourly Temperature.

ORDER FOR TROOPS TO MOVE REVOKED

Guardsmen of Three States Will Not Go to Border at This Time.

RAILROAD CRISIS THE REASON

Soldiers May Be Needed at Home if Strike Is Declared-What War Department Says.

WASHINGTON, August 15 .- Orders for the remaining mobilized units of the national guard to proceed to the border have been suspended by the war department. No official explanation has been made, but it is known that the delicacy of the railroad strike situation has been the moving consideration.

The war department notified southern field headquarters that troops would continue to be held in their state mobilization Measure of Caution.

The suspension of the orders to the troops, which would have moved 25,000 men to the border, should not be taken as an indication that the President's negotiations with the railroad brotherhoods M'CORMICK AT WHITE HOUSE and the railroad managers have taken an unfavorable turn, but is a measure of

It was regarded as highly undesirable WASHINGTON, August 15.-After a that all the remaining guardsmen should nference today between President Wil- be moved to the border while there was on and the members of the Democratic ampaign committee, Vance C. McCornick, chairman of the national committee, announced that the President would nake no speaking tour but probably rould accept invitations to speak at different places.

Mr. McCormick explained the President's decision by saying Mr. Wilson elleved a stumping tour to be incomatible with the dignity of the office of resident.

be moved to the border while there was a probability of a railroad strike in which they might be called on to preserve order throughout some of the states. There is even the possibility that some of the troops in the event of a strike might be called on to guard or operate mail trains and trains supplying the troops already on the border.

Troops Affected.

The suspension of the orders prevents

a revocation of the orders and that if the railread strike situation clears up the troops will be moved to the border line.

The official explanation of the change at the war department is that difficulties of transportation and equipments suddenly developed, have made a delay necessary. It is known, however, that the railway situation is the real cause.

Recommendation From Funston. A telegram from Major-General Funston, made public by the war department, disclosed that the general recommended the suspension of the orders. His tele-

"In view of the possibility of a gen-"In view of the possibility of a general railroad strike, I desire to call attention of the war department to difficulties that will follow in maintaining food supplies, not only of troops in this department but of the civilian population as well. These border states produce but little foodstuff except cattle.

"In view of foregoing, I recommend that national guard organizations which are obout to start for border stations be retained in their mobilization until such time as the question of a general strike shall have been determined."

CONFER ON WHEAT PRICES.

Head of Trade Commission and U.

Attorney Meet at Chicago.

CHICAGO, August 15.-Whether a federal investigation is to be made into the recent rise in the price of wheat and the subsequent advance in the price of bakery goods, will be decided at a conference late today between Edward N. Hurly, chairman of the federal trade commission, and Charles F. Clyne, United States district attorney.

Mr. Clyne said today that the heads of several large baking concerns had discussed the situation with him and made threats of an immediate advance in

prices.

Bernard Snow, an expert whose name has been mentioned in connection with a possible federal investigation of the rise in prices, said: "Today's market is a full answer to any questions which may have risen in the minds of federal officials as to whether there has been anything artificial in the question of the grain market."

SAYS TIME OF UNUSUAL WAGES IS NEARING END

E. N. SMITH COMPLETES INVESTI-GATION OF LABOR SITUATION.

WARNS WORKMEN OF DANGER

Ernest N. Smith, general secretary of the Indianapolis Chamber of Commerce, has returned from a visit to several large cities of the middle west to investigate the labor situation for the benefit of both workingmen and employers.

for the protection of our industry, we must reduce the extraordinary wages now being paid, or drop the men to whom we are paying the unusual wages."

"I took this trip," Mr. Smith said, "to determine just what the situation is, and I am convinced that many workingmen leaving Indianapolis, go under a misconeaving Indianapolis, go under a miscon ception of what their new job is worth.

High Wage Period Passing. "There is no question but that extraor inary wages are being paid in many ines of business, but just as one manufacturer told me, and others confirmed, this period is passing. Although many contracts must be turned out on time at present, especially foreign orders, new contracts made do not involve early delivered to the contracts made of the contracts of the contracts made of the contracts of the contract of the contracts of the contracts of the contract of the contr

Continued on Page Fourteen.



NINE YOUTHS HURLED

- GAAR WILLIAMS

[Special to The Indianapolis News] LAPORTE, Ind., August 15 .- An automobile containing nine Elkhart young men turned over today, nine miles west of Laporte, and scattered the occupants over field on the other side of a barbed wire fence, through which the car plunged. The clothing of all was torn off, one

man having only his shoes, stockings and underwear left, yet he was not seriously hurt. Lester Rouen, age twenty-four, driver of the car, is believed to be internally injured. The bones in his wrist are broken, but physician are confident he will recover. The nine injured persons are in the Holy Family hospital here. The ma-chine was wrecked. It is said to have been running sixty miles an hour. The youths were taking a "joy ride."

SAYS GERMANS SANK SHIPS SINCE PROMISE

MEMBER OF BRITISH LORDS CALLS PROCEEDING MONSTRODS

ATTACKED WITHOUT WARNING

LONDON, August 15.-Baron Sydenham nquired in the house of lords today whether the government believed that commanders of German submarines had adhered to the declaration made to the American government in May in regard to sinking vessels without warning and to sinking vessels without warning and whether Austrian submarines were bound by the same conditions.

The marquis of Crewe, lord president of the council, replied that the more public attention was called to the "monstrous proceedings" of submarines pending the time when it would be possible to make a definite declaration on behalf of the entente allies as to the policy they proposed to pursue regarding them, the better it would be from every viewpoint.

Seven Sunk Without Warning. The government's information was that since the assurances had been given to

or its servants.

CONVICTED, HE APPEALS.

NAVAL BILL MOVES ALONG.

Agreed on by Conferees. WASHINGTON, August 15 .- After two ours' debate the house today adopted all

of the naval bill agreed on by house and senate conferees and proceeded to a vote on the big building program and the increase in personnel, the only two disputed points. Their passage was predicted by administration leaders.

ALL IN LAPORTE HOSPITAL PRIVILEGE OF DISCHARGE AT BORDER IS ABUSED

COURTS-MARTIAL IN PROSPECT AGAINST INDIANA SOLDIERS.

EMPLOYES OF STREET CAR CO.

By W. H. Blodgett, Staff Correspondent of The Indianapolis News] LLANO GRANDE, Tex., August 15 .-

The abuse of the privilege of obtaining discharges under the dependency act has been investigated for several days, and it is understood that courts-martial will follow where the evidence is complete. The first case recommended for courtmartial is that of an employe of the Inmartial is that of an employe of the indianapolis street car company, the necommendation being made to General E.
M. Lewis, the camp commander, by Captain Cooper, the camp adjutant.
In this particular case the name is being withheld by the authorities, the applicant made out that his wife in Indianapolis is dependent on him; needs his
support and is not able to support herself. The investigation showed that the
Indianapolis street car company is pay-Indianapolis street car company is paying the man \$13 a week and he is drawing \$50 a month as a member of the field hospital corps.

Paying Ten Employes Weekly. The Indianapolis street car company n a letter to the camp authorities, gives the names of ten employes to whom it Continued on Page Fourteen.

ZEPPELINS WILL ADOPT NEW COURSE, IT IS SAID

NOT TO SHOW THE SAME REGARD FOR ENGLISH CIVILIANS.

"The time for paying extraordinary wages is rapidly coming to an end," a large manufacturer told Mr. Smith, "and as proved. In addition there were others for the protection of our industry was in which shire had been supplyed.

Regarded as Proved, He Says.

Those cases, he said, might be regarded to fine failure of Great Britain to punish the crew of the British steamship Baralong, who killed members of a German submarrine turned to a discussion of the war. Sometime the protection of our industry was in which shire had been supplyed.

made prisoners.

The attitude of the government was made public in sending to the reichstag a white book on the Baralong case, containing official German and British docu-

ments.

The German reply points out that formerly particular consideration was given, in employing Zeppelins for military purposes, to the civilian population, although there was unavoidable danger to civilians, but said that in view of the Baralong incident a different attitude would be adonted.

Distance Up anylui

E. Hughes was up at 6 o'clock today to view the scenery of the Cascades. A flat car had been attached back of the Republican nominee's private car and from this the "movie" men photographed Mr. and Mrs. Hughes. The nominee was amused to note that a stanch Democratic brakeman had chalked the words "Vote for Wilson" on the front end of the flat car. cratic braken
"Vote for W
the flat car.

From way down in the depths of the canyon to the highest point of the crossing of the range Mr. Hughes was greeted with a shotgun salute from a forest ranger. He waved back a response and proper amendments to engrossed sentiate the control of the country and proper amendments to engrossed sentiate the control of the country and the preventives were again under the control of the country and the preventives were again under the control of the country and the preventives were again under the control of the country and the preventives were again under the control of the country and the at the ant-like figure a thousand feet below and the hazy morning air re-echoed faint cheers from the lone Re-publicant

There were plenty of other Republicans at small villages farther along, however, who cheered the nominee.

KAISER AGAIN ASSERTS THAT HE WISHED PEACE

DOES NOT ENVY MAN WHO CAUSED WAR, DISPATCH SAYS.

PUTS QUESTION TO NEUTRALS

LONDON, August 15.-Emperor William was quoted today in a Berne (Switzeras saying to a prominent neutral who resentative, and Jesse Eschbach, the Revisited Berlin that he "did not envy the publican floor leader, charged that "repman who has the responsibility for the rehensible methods" had been used to cut very candid and honest discussion was in European war on his conscience." The off amendments and discussion, dispatch says the German ruler added: "I, at least, am not that man. I think nistory will clear me of that charge, although I do not suppose that history will hold me faultless.

position the larger his responsibilities. I admit that and yet assert that I acted throughout in good faith and strove hard for peace, even though war was inevithe American government, four British and three neutral ships had been sunk without warning by submarines, all most certainly German. Another neutral ship, he continued, was attacked by a torpedo without warning. In the case of the

in the past, it was officially announced returned from the western front the disensineering department concerning the here today. This course will be taken, patch said. The kaiser entered, wearing crew, it is asserted, after they had been what to the embarrassment of the neutral ministration with the statement that the and submit the other question to arbitravisitors, he suddenly put the question:

Regarding British Theory.

September 2 Wilson's Day WASHINGTON, August 15 .- Forma

otification to President Wilson of his omination will take place September 2. That day was definitely selected today when arrangements were made for the President to go to Long Branch, N. J., for the ceremony. The President has al-ready completed his speech of acceptance. The notification speech will be made b Senator James.

The President probably will remain at Long Branch until he leaves for Hodgens-ville. Ky. to speak September 4 at the

Reported Railroad Managers Are Lincoln ceremony.
President Wilson today conferred with the Democratic campaign committee at luncheon. He will see the associate committee of Progressives later.

DOESN'T AGREE AT ALL WITH THE MAYOR'S IDEA

MASTERS SAYS METHODS USED TO PUT OVER BILL BEAT IT.

SEWAGE DISPOSAL RECORD

A vigorous reply was made today by . Fred Masters, a Republican represen tative in the last legislature, to the statement by Mayor Joseph E. Bell that if it had not been for the action of the "nar row minded Republican representatives from Marion county" for the defeat of the sewage disposal bill introduced in the the sewage disposal bill introduced in the last legislature by the Bell administration, the city would now be enabled by law to raise money for a sewage disposal plant and there would be no occasion for the suits brought by Morgan county property owners against the city on account of the sewage in White river.

Mr. Masters pointed out that the Marion county legislators were in favor of a reasonable sewage disposal measure, and favored passing the bill with amendments which would protect the taxpayers of Marion county, but that the Bell administration and the Democratic organization in the house insisted on the passage of

in the house insisted on the passage of the bill without cutting out provision which the Marion county representative egarded as vicicus and extravagan Rob the People, Masters Thought.

"Do you want us to pass a bill tha vill rob the people of Marion county? Mr. Masters said he asked farmers who appeared in favor of a sewage disposal measure, and he said he was answered the negative. Mr. Masters referred to the great mass of Bell legislation placed be-fore the last legislature, and said the other objectionable Bell measures caused

MOVIE MEN FOLLOW NOMINEE posal bill.

The other measures which were piled on the legislature were bills designed to on the legislature were bills designed to ON FLAT CAR.

on the legislature were bills designed to increase the power of the Bell administration. Among them were the second police court bill, which would have largely given the Bell crowd control of police court affairs; the Bell finance board bill, which would have given the city administration complete and unchecked control of the financial affairs of the city and the park board bill, which would have made many radical changes in the present park law.

present park law.

The sewage measure finally failed to pass for want of a constitutional majority. Mr. Masters referred to Page 1497 of the prinied house journal, which contains the following protest made by him before the sewage disposal bill was put to a vote on third reading. He said: present park law.

Unfair Methods, He Says. "I hereby enter my solemn protest ate bill No. 50 were foreclosed. This bill was never properly before nor considered by any committee of this house, neither was the bill upon which you have so hastily acted ever printed in full and placed before the members of this house. This bill is of more importance to the citizens of Indianapolis than it is to the majority members of this house and I assure you what we have far more at stake than you. This bill involves the expenditure you that we have far more at stake than you. This bill involves the expenditure of nearly \$2,000.000 of money which must be paid by the taxpayers of this county. This bill provides for the enew salaried officers whose salaries must be paid by the taxpayers of this county. This bill provides for the appointment of another attorney with a salary at \$1,500 a year, while our own corporation counsel is so busy around the statehouse with certain well known infamous and vicious bills lobbying in their behalf. This bill provides for the issuance of nontaxable bonds to the amount of probably \$2,000,000 bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, an unheard of rate per cent, per annum, an unheard of rate

of interest on nontaxable securities. I take this method of now entering my protest against such high-handed methods of handling the affairs of the people of this county in whose affairs you are so little concerned, and for the high-handed methods in connection therewith." ods in connection therewith. "Reprehensible Methods," Said Leader and a half this morning with the repre-A protest in similar language was filed sentatives of the railway management. land) dispatch to the London Baily News by Douglass Pierce, a Marion county rep- After the conference he said that it was

"Few members have read this bill, seeking to disburse thousands of dollars of the people's money," the house journal records quote Mr. Eschbach as saying. "When the supporters of a bill "must stand on the floor of this house and take their orders as to the merits or demer of amendments offered from the nod in Good Faith, He Says. —

"In a sense, every civilized man in Europe must have a share in the responsibility for this war and the higher his sibility for this war and the higher his sense, every civilized man in Europe must have a share in the responsibility for this war and the higher his merits of a bill which must depend upon the sequence to sequence the assesse."

not agree to it. He said the bill BERLIN (by wireless to Sayville), August 15.—German Zeppelins hereafter will not show the regard for England's civilian population that has been shown empress and the emproor, who had just the provided to the emproor, who had just the provided to the experimental expert advice from the Bell was about to leave Berlin missioners and the county council from the expenditure of money for sewage disposal. The legislators, he said, never received adequate expert advice from the Bell was about to leave Berlin drawn so as to prevent the county council from the said the bill was drawn so as to prevent the county council from the said the bill was drawn so as to prevent the county council from the said the bill was drawn so as to prevent the county council from the said the bill was drawn so as to prevent the county council from the said the bill was drawn so as to prevent the county council from the said the bill was drawn so as to prevent the county council from the said the bill was drawn so as to prevent the county council from the said the bill was drawn so as to prevent the county council from the said the bill was drawn so as to prevent the county council from the said the bill was drawn so as to prevent the county council from the said the bill was drawn so as to prevent the county council from the said the bill was drawn so as to prevent the county council from the said the bill was drawn so as to prevent the county council from the said the bill was drawn so as to prevent the county council from the said the bill was drawn so as to prevent the county council from the said the bill was drawn so as to prevent the county council from the said the bill was drawn so as to prevent the county council from the said the bill was drawn so as to prevent the county council from the said the bill was drawn so as to prevent the said the county council from the said the bill was drawn so as to prevent the said the said the said the bill was drawn so as to prevent the said t But There's Money for the Boys.

The fact that the filing of the suits has though the administration is very anxious gether. "I suppose the British theory that I to start the project, has caused much

Taxpayers who have followed closely Taxpayers who have followed closely the financial policy of the administration concede that this statement is true, but at the same time they recall the extravagance of the city government since Mayor I. I. to the office.

in Auto Case.

The government's purpose is quoted as follows by the news agency; "Airships today in city court was fined \$25 and costs and sentenced to the workhouse for ten days on a charge of having unlawful possession of an automobile belonging to the Brown-Rowan-Buck Automobile Company. Pollard appealed the case, which lad been under advisement.

The government's purpose is quoted as follows by the news agency; "Airships who accuse me of having caused the war are the very people who previously testified to the earnestness of my desire for the purchasing agency was established, with several soft jobs attached. Other money has been lavished on Poor Old Bill Kissel's mules, and automobiles have been purchasing agency was established. With several soft jobs attached. Other money has been lavished on Poor Old Bill Kissel's mules, and automobiles have been purchasing agency was established. With several soft jobs attached. Other money has been lavished on Poor Old Bill Kissel's mules, and automobiles have been purchasing agency was established. With several soft jobs attached. Other money has been lavished on Poor Old Bill Kissel's mules, and automobiles have been purchasing agency was established. With several soft jobs attached. Other money has been lavished on Poor Old Bill Kissel's mules, and automobiles have been purchasing agency was established. With several soft jobs attached. Other money has been lavished on Poor Old Bill Kissel's mules, and automobiles have been prevented and political workers thus rewarded. The most recent pieculting was made when the very people who previously testified to the earnestness of my desire for peace.

"Why is it that you neutrals always take about German militarism and never about Russian despotism, the French lad been under advisement."

Baralong case." Bell took office. Salaries have been increased in many

Ready to Accept the Principle Conditionally.

THE WHITE HOUSE.

HAVE ANOTHER CONFERENCE AT

TRAINMEN ALSO ARE HEARD

NEITHER SIDE IS READY TO

MAKE STATEMENT.

PRESIDENT WILSON SILENT

IMPOSSIBLE AS YET TO GIVE OUT RESULTS

Understood That Plan Under Consideration Would Provide That Interstate Commerce Commission or a Special Body Would Work Out Application of the Eight-Hour Day-Employers in Session All Night and All Are Sleepy-Eyed When They Reach White House.

WASHINGTON, August 15 .- As the heads of the railroad brotherhoods assembled at the White House at 3 o'clock this afternoon for their second conference with President Wilson, there were expressions of doubt among officials close to the situation, over whether the men would accept the proposal of the railroads made to the President earlier in the day by

by the managers' committee. "Let us pray," was the response of A. B. Garretson, head of the conductors when asked what he thought of the outcome.

"I hope to the Lord this conference will be favorable," said another leader. It was indicated that the optimism which prevailed yesterday had mysteriously been dissipated.

ate bill No. 50 were foreclosed. This bill consideration today by President Wilson,

the working out of its application to .hs interstate commerce commission or some body formed for the purpose.

Statement by Tumulty.

Secretary Tumulty issued the following

statement: "The President spent an hour

impossible as yet to report on the re-

sults; all that he could say was that a progress about practicable tases of settlement." Whether the latest plan could be worked out would not be known until

President Wilson presented it to the brotherhood leaders. The railroads were understood to be ready to concede the principle of the eight-hour day provided concessions be made by the employes so too heavy a burden would not be placed on the rail-

roads. The men take the stand that they principally wish the eight-hour day on conditions that it shall be enforced whenever

possible The railroads are said to believe it im possible to accept the eight-hour day unless a workable system of application can e built up.

Must Be Decided Together. The managers took the position that the eight-hour day and the collateral issues

were inseparable and that it would not be been passed off lightly by the Bell ad- practicable to accept the eight-hour day city has not the money to attempt the tion. All of the issues were interwoven, building of a sewage disposal plant, al- they contended, and must be decided to-Representatives of the protherhoods heard of the proposal with interest. They

insisted, however, that the proposition was not a new one. "I knew a week ago," one of the officials said, "that the railroad managers had such a proposi in mind.' None of the brotherhood officials would commit himself on what the attitude of the employes would be toward such a proposal

Continued on Page Fourteen.